PART V.

POPULATION.

According to manuscript notes made by Captain Lonsdale, the first enumeration of the people was taken by an officer from Sydney on the 25th May, 1836, less than one year after the date of the arrival of John Batman (29th May, 1835). This was the first official census in Victoria, which was at that time known as the district of Port Phillip, and it disclosed that the band of first arrivals consisted of 142 males and 35 females of European origin.

At the census taken in 1838 it was ascertained that the number of inhabitants had increased to 3,511. During each of the years 1840 and 1841 the population increased by 100 per cent., owing principally to the number of assisted immigrants who arrived in the district, and it continued to increase to the end of 1850.

The discovery of gold in 1851 (the year of separation from New South Wales) was the greatest influence in populating Victoria, the numbers increasing from 77,345 at the census in 1851 to 538,628 in 1861, a gain of 596 per cent. In the next ten years the natural increase (excess of births over deaths) was the main factor in the growth of population. From the end of 1870 the population advanced steadily to 1,133,728 at the end of 1890, the increase being 409,803 (natural increase 307,246—gain from migration 102,557). The latter portion of this period was known as the "Land Boom" period, which was followed by the inevitable reaction.

Between 1891 and 1905 the population of the State advanced very slowly, the total increase in this period being 76,693. The gain by natural increase—247,078—was offset by the loss from migration—170,385—the discovery of gold in Western Australia being the principal cause of migration from Victoria in the period. A steady annual increase was maintained from 1905 to the end of 1927 (exclusive of the years relating to the Great War), the population increasing from 1,210,421 to 1,741,832.

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During the ten-year period 1928-1937 the population of the State increased slowly, the lowest annual increase for the period being recorded in the year 1935. The rate of natural increase dropped considerably and, in seven years of the period, a loss from migration was experienced. The world-wide depression of 1929-33 had its effect on the population of the State.

The estimated population of Victoria at the end of 1943 was 1,988,938. This figure is subject to revision.

VICTORIA—ESTIMATED POPULATION, 1836 TO 1943.

					Estimated I	Population 31st	December.
	Ye	ar.			Males.	Females.	Total.
1836	(25th May)				142	35	177
	(8th Novr.)				186	38	224
1840					7,254	3.037	10,291
1850					45,495	30,667	76,162
1855					226,462	120,843	347,305
1860					330,302	207,932	538,234
1870					397,230	326,695	723,925
1880			• •		450,558	408,047	858,605
1890		••	••		595,519	538,209	1,133,728
1900	••				601,773	594,440	1,196,213
1905					598,134	612,287	1,210,421
1906		••	••		600,856	618,976	1,219,832
1907		::	• •		605,775	627,032	1,232,807
1908		• .	••		614,937	635,512	1,250,449
1909		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••		631,021	646,001	1,277,022
1910					646,482	654,926	1,301,408
		• •	••	•••		671,075	1,339,893
1911		• •	••	• • •	668,818	692,497	1,382,553
1912		• •	***	• •	690,056	707.972	
1913 1914			• •		707,444 713,307	721,881	1,415,416 1,435,188
-							
1915		• •	• •	•••	694,210	730,235	1,424,445
1916		• •	• •	••	666,245	738,418	1,404,663
1917		• • .	• •	•••	671,075	745,985	1,417,060
1918		• •	• •	•••	684,243	753,002	1,437,24
1918		• •	• • •	. ••	739,956	763,079	1,503,03
1920)		••		753,803	774,106	1,527,909
1921	l				765,306	785,421	1,550,72
1922					789,517	800,756	1,590,273
1923					807,884	817,571	1,625,45
1924		• •	• •		825,919	831,232	1,657,15

VICTORIA—ESTIMATED POPULATION, 1836 TO 1943—continued.

		Year.			Estimated Population 31st December.				
	·				Males.	Females.	Total,		
1925									
1926	••	••	• •	••	840,817	843,234	1,684,051		
1927	• •	••	• •	•••	855,035	856,952	1,711,987		
	• •	• •	• •	••	870,718	871,114	1,741,832		
1928	•••	• •	• •		879,478	882,268	1,761,746		
1929	••	••	••	•••	886,472	891,797	1,778,269		
1930	••		• •		892,422	900,183	1,792,605		
1931					896,429	907,141	1,803,570		
1932					900,663	912,724	1,813,387		
1933					905,050	919,429	1,824,479*		
1934		• •			910,373	927,117	1,837,490*		
1935			••		911,710	931,313	1,843,023*		
1936					915,304	936,289	1,851,593*		
1937					918,665	940,822	1,859,487*		
1938	• •	• •	•		925,892	947,868	1,873,760*		
1939	••				931,413	954,843	1,886,256*		
1940	••	• •			948,654	969,713	1,918,367*		
941	• •				967,107	984,308	1,951,415*		
1942					973,281	994,945			
1943					983,153	1,005,785	1,968,226* 1.988,938*		

^{*} Subject to revision.

At the census of 1891, the population of Victoria was 1,140,088; 1,201,070 in 1901; 1,315,551 in 1911; 1,531,280 in 1921; and 1,820,261 in 1933. During the period ended on the date of the census in each of the years 1901, 1911, 1921, and 1933 there were respective increases in the population at the rate of 5.35, 9.53, 16.40, and 18.87 per cent. The rate of increase during the decade 1921-31 was 17.33 per cent.

The census of 30th June, 1933, showed that the population of the State at that date was 1,820,261, comprising 903,244 males and 917,017 females. The table which follows shows, for each quinquennium of the 80 years 1860–1939, and for each year of the 20 years 1924–1943, the natural increase of the population and the gain or loss by migration.

VICTORIA—INCREASE OF POPULATION BY EXCESS OF BIRTHS OVER DEATHS, AND THE GAIN OR LOSS BY MIGRATION, 1860-1943.

	Inc	rease during Pe	riod.	Increase	per cent. durin	g Period
Period.	Natural.	Net Immigration (Civilians only).	Total.	Natural.	Net Immigration (Civilians only).	Total.
1860-64	. 69,249	7,682	76,931	13 29	1.47	14.76
186569 .	. 74,639	24,120	98,759	12.48	4.03	16.51
1870-74 .	. 81,902	7,444	89,346	A1.75	1 · 07	12.89
1875–79 .	. 66,473	(-) 10,824	55,649	8.46	(-) 1.38	$7 \cdot 08$
1880-84	. 72,332	21,688	94,020	8.59	2.58	11 - 17
1885–89 .	. 83,704	85,457	169,161	8 · 95	9.13	18.08
1890-94 .	. 100,292	(-) 23.075	77,217	9.08	$(-) 2 \cdot 09$	6.99
18 9 5–99 .	. 76,625	(-) 70,239	6,386	6.48	(-) 5.94	. 54
1900-04 .	- , , , , ,	(-) 57,229	17,067	6.25	(-) 4.81	1.44
1905-09 .	00.030	(-) 8,898	71,414	6.66	(-) 74	$5 \cdot 92$
1910-14 .	00.055	64,191	158,166	7.36	5.03	12 · 39
1915-19 .	04.000	(-) 16,245	67,847	5.86	(-) 1·13	4 . 73
1920-24 .	00'00"	55,881	154,116	6.53	3.72	10 . 25
1925-29 .	01.001	30,027	121,118	5.50	1.81	$7 \cdot 31$
1930-34 .	1 07 040	(-) 2,021	59,221	3.44	(-) ·11	3 · 35
1935–39		() 3,598	48,766	2.85	(-) ·20	$2 \cdot 65$
<u> </u>	_					
1924 .		12,060	31,696	1.21	74	1.95
1925 .	1	6,814	26,900	1.21	41	1.62
1926 .		8,909	27,936	1.13	.53	1.66
1927 .		11,544	29,845	1.07	67	1.74
1928 .		3,124	19,914	.96	18	1 · 14
1929 .		(-) 364	16,523	.96	(-) 02	• 9-
930		(-) 2,832	14,336	.97	(-) ·16	.81
1931 .		(-) 2,334	10,965	.74	(-) 13	. 61
1932 .		(-) 842	9,817	- 59	(-) 05	. 54
1933		156	11,092	. 60	.01	• 61
1934 .		3,831	13,011	- 50	·21	.7]
1935 .	. ,	(-) 3,895	5,533	51	(-) - 21	.30
936 .		(-) 1,535	8,570	- 55	(-) 08	47
1937 .		(-) 3,224	7,894	.60	(-) 17	.45
1938 .		2,884	14,273	.61	16	. 77
1939 .		2,172	12,496	:55	12	.67
1940 .		20,442	32,111	·62	1.08	1.70
1941 .		19,164	33,048	•72	1.00	1.72
1942 .		2,857	16,811	•71	15	. 86
1943 .	. 17,790	2,922	20,712	90	:15	1.05

Note.—The minus sign (-) indicates excess of departures over arrivals, also a decrease.

VICTORIA-MIGRATION.

(CIVILIANS ONLY.)

The interstate* and oversea movement of people to and from Victoria, for the period 1934-1943, is shown in the following table:—

	Arriv	vals in Vict	oria.	Depart	ures from V	Excess of Arrivals Over Departures.		
Year.	Inter- state.	From Other Coun- tries Direct.	Total.	Inter- state.	To Other Coun- tries Direct.	Total.	Inter-	Other Coun- tries Direct.
1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942	153,410 140,406 141,813 139,199 152,514 147,087 146,457 147,001 125,687 106,185	11,377 11,090 11,586 13,063 15,540 15,028 5,930 1,417 2,395 1,061	164,787 151,496 153,399 152,262 168,054 162,115 152,387 148,418 128,082 107,246	150,520 143,526 143,628 144,054 152,591 148,568 129,464 127,984 120,451 102,091	10,436 11,789 11,113 11,432 12,579 10,353 2,288 939 1,470 1,268	160,956 155,315 154,741 155,486 165,170 158,921 131,752 128,923 121,921 103,359	2,890 (-)3,120 (-)1,815 (-)4,855 (-) 77 (-)1,481 16,993 19,017 5,236 4,094	941 (-) 699 473 1,631 2,961 4,675 3,642 478 925 (-) 207

NOTE.—The minus sign (—) indicates excess of departures over arrivals.

* Interstate migration figures are subject to revision.

In 1934, migration to and from Victoria reached a total of 325,743 persons; this was followed by a decrease in 1935, the total being 306,811. There was little fluctuation during the following two years, but in 1938 the volume of migration was the highest recorded since 1930. In 1939 a decline was recorded in both oversea and interstate migration. The considerable decrease in migration during the last four years was due to the war

VICTORIA—SUMMARY OF MIGRATION, 1943.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Totals.
Migration by Sea— Arrivals Departures Gain by Sea			10,541 10,602	11,307 12,810	(-) 61	(-)1,503	(-)1,564
Migration by Rail— Arrivals Departures Gain by Rail	:: ::, \		35,485 33,074	17,743 16,537	2,411	1,206	3,617
Migration by Air— Arrivals Departures Gain by Air	::	::	21,926 21,549	10,244 8,787	377	1,457	1,834

NOTE.—The minus sign (-) indicates the excess of departures over arrivals.

The immigration and emigration by sea between Victoria, the other Australian States, British countries, and foreign countries during each of the four years ended 1943 are shown in the following table:—

VICTORIA-MIGRATION BY SEA, 1940-1943.

State or Country of	Arr	ivals fro	m during	<u></u>	Dep	partures	to during	g—
Departure or Destination.	*1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.	*1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.
States.								
New Sauth Wales		1,010	180	198		1,196	681	720
Queensland		571	39	14		655	158	151
South Australia		168	172	. 22		119	17	. 17
Western Australia		1,251	718	80		781	451	506
Tasmania		39,237	31,906	20,473		35,320	29,546	20,750
Northern Territory		134	'			80	· · ·	
Total Interstate		42,371	33,015	20,787		38,151	30,853	22,144
Adjustment		5						
Net Total	51,478	42,376	33,015	20,787	49,014	38,151	30,853	22,144
Overseas-								
New Zealand	813	169	260	83	481	136	115	144
United Kingdom	1,323	255	225	89	260	30	159	127
India and Cevlon	409	142	210	128	238	220	138	146
South Africa	153	63	216	67	64	32	106	111
Other British Possessions	794	581	807	22	691	351	45	
Total British Countries	3,492	1,210	1,718	389	1,734	769	563	528
Egypt	129	3	· · · · · ·	· · ·	18	1	· · · ·	
France	144	l	1					
Italy	383				10		1	
Japan	113	28			40	20		1
United States of America	465	65	171	117	341	90	732	247
Other Foreign Countries	1,204	106	506	555	145	59	175	493
Total Foreign Countries	2,438	202	677	672	554	170	907	740
GRAND TOTAL	57,408	43,788	35,410	21,848	51,302	39,090	32,323	23,412

^{*} Details of interstate migration not available.

Arrivals and departures by years by way of interstate railway passenger traffic is shown in the following statement:—

VICTORIA—MIGRATION BY RAIL, 1940-1943.

State—Territory,	Ar	Arrivals from during—				Departures to during—			
	*1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.	*1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.	
New South Wales		48,103	41,732	30,687		39,459	44,441	33,035	
Queensland		2,914	7,430	8,917		2,861	6,074	5,616	
South Austraia		12,242	11,047	9,365		9,819	9,710	7,597	
Western Australia		5,597	4,684	3,557		2,759	2,828	2,749	
Australian Capital		-				·			
Territory		1,036	1,657	700		803	813	578	
Northern Territory	•••			2	•••	• •	•••	36	
Total	70,532	69,892	66,550	53,228	57,247	55,701	63,866	49,611	

^{*} Details of interstate migration not available.

Migration by air, 1940-43.

The following table shows the movement of population by air during the last four years:—

VICTORIA-MIGRATION BY AIR.

· .	Year.		Arrivals.	Departures.	Excess of Arrivals over Departures.
1940	••		24,447	23,203	1,244
1941			34,738	34,132	606
1942			26,122	25,732	390
1943		\	32,170	30,336	1,834

Assisted immigration has been discontinued for the immigration duration of the war, except in cases of close family reunion involving wives and dependent children, and other special cases having exceptional features, for which special approval is required.

Population of Greater Melbourne. For many years the population of Greater Melbourne was estimated as that contained in an area within a radius of ten miles from the Elizabeth-street Post Office.

To conform to the growth of the urban population in certain directions, principally in the cities of Chelsea and Mordialloc, the metropolitan area was re-defined in 1929. The municipalities included in this area and the population of each are as under:—

POPULATION, ETC., OF GREATER MELBOURNE AT CENSUS OF 1933 AND AT 31st DECEMBER, 1943.

Municipal District.	Area in Acres, 1943.	Enumerated Population at the Census of 1933.	Estimated Population 31st December, 1943.	Persons to the Acre 31st December 1943.
Box Hill City	5,120	15,332	19,850	3.9
Braybrook Shire (excluding				
Western Riding)	8,480	8,761	12,750	1.5
Brighton City	3,308	29,707	38,400	11.6
Brunswick City	2,719	54,348	58,200	21.4
Camberwell City	8,352	50,052	71,800	8.6
Caulfield City	5,600	65,297	80,500	14.4
Chelsea City	3,040	6,625	8,000	2.6
Coburg City	4,800	38,118	47,550	9.9
Collingwood City	1,139	30,665	30,900	27.1
Essendon City	4,000	46,096	51,400	12 8
Fitzroy City	923	30,909	31,700	$34 \cdot 3$
Footscray City	3,982	46,266	62,500	15.7

POPULATION, ETC., OF GREATER MELBOURNE AT CENSUS OF 1933 AND AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1943—continued.

Municipal District.	Area in Acres, 1943.	Enumerated Population at the Census of 1933.	Estimated Population 31st December, 1943.	Persons to the Acre 31st December 1943,
Hawthorn City	$2,\!402$	33,758	40,500	16.9
Heidelberg City (excluding		1		
Greensborough Ward)	8,800	24,949	31,300	3.6
Kew City	3,523	25,486	32,200	9 · 1
Malvern City	3,996	43,244	48,550	12.1
Melbourne City	7,740	92,112	102,700	13.3
Moorabbin City	13,360	19,006	24,700	1.8
Mordialloc City	3,351	9,216	12,150	3.6
Northcote City	2,850	42,723	45,850	16.1
Oakleigh City	2,658	11,903	14,150	5.3
Port Melbourne City	2,366	12,906	14,350	6.1
Prahran City	2,320	51,606	59,750	25.8
Preston City	8,800	33,442	39,500	4.5
Richmond City	1,430	39,618	41,750	29.2
Sandringham City	3,740	18,075	23,100	6.2
South Melbourne City	2,303	42,936	45,150	19.6
St. Kilda City	2,049	46,579	55,200	26.9
Williamstown City	2,775	22,199	25,550	9.2
Total	125,926	991,934	1,170,000*	9 · 3

^{*} Subject to revision.

Fitzrov is the most thickly populated municipality, Density of metropolitan with 34.3 persons to the acre; Richmond has 29.2; Collingwood, 27·1; St. Kilda, 26·9; Prahran, 25·8; Brunswick, 21.4; South Melbourne, 19.6; and Melbourne City, There is a total area of 9,644 acres devoted to parks, gardens, and other reserves in Greater Melbourne, so that the population is really living more closely together than the figures in the table indicate; if these park areas are excluded, the density of the population in the abovementioned municipalities is as follows:—Fitzrov, 36.2 persons to the acre; Richmond, 34.8; Kilda, 31·8; Collingwood, 29·7; Prahran, 26·6; Melbourne, 25.4; Brunswick, 22.0; and Melbourne City, 18.5; while, for the whole of Greater Melbourne, the exclusion of park areas has only a slight influence on the density, the number of persons to the acre increasing from 9.3 to 10.1.

Outside the boundaries of Greater Melbourne the chief centres of population in Victoria are the cities of Ballarat, outside Greater Melbourne.

Bendigo, Geelong, Mildura, and Warrnambool. The particulars relating to Ballarat, Bendigo, and Geelong are exclusive of the urban populations in contiguous shires. The populations of cities, towns, and certain boroughs are given in the following table:—

VICTORIA—POPULATIONS OF CITIES, TOWNS, AND BOROUGHS OUTSIDE GREATER MELBOURNE, 1933 AND 1943.

			ulation.		Pop	ulation.
Locality.		Census 1933.	1943 (Estimated 31st December).	Locality.	Census 1933.	1943 (Estimated 31st December).
Cities— Ballarat* Bendigo† Geelong‡ Mildura Warrnambool Towns—		37,411 29,131 39,223 6,617 8,906	39,470 30,800 41,180 7,500 9,300	Boroughs— Castlemaine Colae Echuca Maryborough Shepparton Stawell Swan Hill	5,221 4,411 5,631 5,698 4,747	5,750 5,630 4,480 5,900 6,250 4,930 4,950
Ararat Hamilton Horsham Sale		4,914 $5,786$ $5,272$ $4,262$	5,050 6,100 5,600 5,000	Wangaratta Wonthaggi	4,795 5,593	5,400 6,350

- * Includes municipalities of Ballarat and Sebastopol.
- † Includes municipalities of Bendigo and Eaglehawk.
- ‡ Includes municipalities of Geelong, Geelong West, and Newtown and Chilwell.

 NOTE.—Colac created a borough on 11th January, 1938. Swan Hill created a borough on
 30th May, 1939.

Population of Greater Melbourne and remainder of State, 1861–1943. In the seventy-two years from the census of 1861 to Melbourne and remainder of State, 1861–1943. In the same period, the population of the remainder of the State increased by 108 per cent. from 398,721 to 828,327.

During only one intercensal period—1891–1901—was the percentage increase greater in the country than in the metropolis. With the decline in the gold-mining industry, the rate of increase in the country areas diminished until, at the beginning of the present century, the rural population became almost stationary. Between 1901 and 1933 the increase was 123,336; of this increase, 67,353 occurred in the 28 years ended 31st December, 1929, and 55,983 in the four years of depression which followed.

POPULATION OF VICTORIA, GREATER MELBOURNE, AND REMAINDER OF THE STATE, 1861 TO 1943.

	•	!			Popu	ılation at each D	ate.
	(b)	i) Census. 31st Decer	nber.		Victoria,	Greater Melbourne.	Remainder of State.
	1.	(a)					
1861		• •]	538,628	139,916	398,712
1871					730,198	206,780	523,418
1881					861,566	282,947	578,619
1891					1,140,088	490,896	649,192
1901					1,201,070	496,079	704,991
1911					1,315,551	593,237	722,314
1921					1,531,280	782,979	748,301
1933			••		1,820,261	991,934†	828,327
		(b)			*	*	*
1934					1,837,490	1,000,000	837,490
1935				}	1,843,023	1,008,300	834,723
1936					1,851,593	1,016,500	835,093
1937					1,859,487	1,024,000	835,487
1938					1,873,760	1,035,600	838,160
1939					1,886,256	1,046,750	839,506
1940					1,918,367	1,076,700	841,667
1941					1,951,415	1,137,000	814,415
1942					1,968,226	1,152,000	816,226
1943					1,988,938	1,170,000	818,938

^{*} Subject to revision. † The boundaries of Greater Melbourne were re-defined in 1929.

Population of Australian States and of New Zealand, 1861 to 1943. In the following tables is given the population of each Australian State and of New Zealand at each census from 1861 to 1933 and also the estimated population at 31st December, 1943.

CENSUS POPULATIONS OF THE AUSTRALIAN STATES AND TERRITORIES AND OF NEW ZEALAND.

	Enumerated Population at the Census of—									
	1861.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.	1933.		
States—										
Victoria New South	538,628	730,198	861,566	1,140,088	1,201,070	1,315,551	1,531,280	1,820,261		
Wales	350,860	502,998	749 825	1 123 954	1 354 846	1,646,734	2.100.371	2,600,847		
Queensland South Aus-	30,059					605,813	755,972	947,534		
tralia Western Aus-	* 126,830	* 185,626	276,414	315,533	358,346	408,558	495,160	580,949		
tralia	15,100	25,270	29,708	49,782	184,124	282,114	332,732	438,852		
Tasmania Territories—	89,977	101,020	115,705	146,667	172,475	191,211	213,780	227,599		
Northern Australian		••	3,451	4,898	4,811	3,310	3,867	4,850		
Capital			••		••	†1,714	2,572	8,947		
Australia New Zealand—	1,151,454	1,663,072	2,250,194	3,174,640	3,773,801	4,455,005	5,435,734	6,629,839		
Excluding Maoris Including	99,021	256,393	489,933	626,658	772,719	1,008,468	1,218,913	‡1,491,484		
Maoris	١	١	534,030	668,651	815,862	1,058,312	1,271,664	‡1,573,810		

^{*} Includes Northern Territory. † Part of New South Wales prior to 1911. ‡ Census of 1936.

The increase of population in each of the States and of the Territories during the intercensal period 1921–1933 was 288,981 in Victoria, 500,476 in New South Wales, 191,562 in Queensland, 106,120, in Western Australia, 85,789 in South Australia, 13,819 in Tasmania, 6,375 in the Australian Capital Territory, and 983 in the Northern Territory. The population of Australia increased between the above-mentioned dates by 1,194,105.

POPULATIONS OF AUSTRALIAN STATES AND TERRITORIES AND OF NEW ZEALAND AT 31st DECEMBER, 1943.

State.		Area in Square Miles.	Estimated Population at 31st December, 1943.	Persons to the Square Mile.	Proportion in Each State or Territory.	
					Per cent.	
Victoria		87,884	1,988,938	$22 \cdot 63$	27:37	
New South Wales		309,432	2,854,862	9.23	39.29	
Queensland		670,500	1,058,094	1.58	14.56	
South Australia		380,070	618,597	1.63	8.51	
Western Australia		975,920	482,454	.49	6.64	
Tasmania	••	26,215	244,056	$9 \cdot 31$	3.36	
Territories—		200 000				
Northern	• •	523,620	5,155	.01	07	
Australian Capital	• •	940	14,285	15.20	.20	
Australia		2,974,581	7,266,441†	2 · 44	100.00	
New Zealand		103,415*	1,642,041‡	15.88		

^{*} Excluding 600 square miles, the areas of outlying and annexed islands.

The enumerated populations of Australian capital cities Population of Australian at each census, 1871-1933, and the estimated populations capital cities, 1871–1943. at the 31st December, 1943, are shown hereafter. the 72 years, 1871–1943, Melbourne has made great The most notable advance occurred in the decennial progress. period 1881-91, when the population increased by 207,949, or The population remained almost stationary between $189\bar{1}$ and 1901. This unsatisfactory feature was due to a severe industrial depression which prevailed in Victoria during the eight years 1892 to 1899. A great number of persons migrated in those years to other parts in search of employment. In the intercensa period 1901 to 1911 there was an increase of 97,158; in the period 1911 to 1921 an increase of 189,742 and, in the period 1921–1933, an increase of 208,955 The closing years of the last-mentioned period were years of world-wide depression, during which immigration to Victoria was at a standstill and Melbourne lost population to a slight degree to the rural

[†] Subject to revision.

[†] Includes 95,773 Maoris.

districts of the State. In the earlier years of the period, however, a consistent rate of increase was maintained with the result that the net numerical increase for the period was the highest experienced. From 1933 to 1939 there was a steady increase, but since 1939 there has been a high rate of increase, due to the war. Since 1902 Sydney has been the most populous city in Australia. A high proportion of the population of Australia is concentrated in the capital cities of the six States.

POPULATIONS OF AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL CITIES, 1871 TO 1943.

Capital City (the Area of each City is		Enumera	Estimated Population, 31st	Persons to the					
given in a note below).	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.	1933.	December, 1943.	Acre.	
Melbourne	206,780	282,947	490,896	496,079	593,237	782,979	991,934	1,170,000	9+3
Sydney	137,776	224,939	383,283	481,830	636,355	897,640	1,235,267	1,337,000†	8.5
Brisbane	15,029	31,109	101,554	119,428	140,977	209,699	299,748	370,460	1.5
Adelaide	42,744	103,864	133,252	162,094	191,312	255,318	312,619	355,000‡	3.4
Perth	*	*	*	66,832	109,375	155,129	207,440	230,000†	1.9
Hobart	26,004	27,248	33,450	34,604	40,335	52,385	60,406	70,838	1.3

^{*} Not available. † Population at 31st December, 1941. ‡ Population at 31st December, 1942.

Note.—The areas of the capital cities in acres were Sydney, 157,542; Melbourne, 125,926; Brisbane, 246,400; Adelaide, 102,987; Perth, 122,240; and Hobart, 54,890.

The estimated population of Canberra on 31st December, 1943, was 12,000.

At the first colonization of Victoria the Aborigines were officially estimated to number about 5,000, but according to other and apparently more reliable estimates they numbered at that time not less than 15,000. In 1851, when the colony was separated from New South Wales, the number was officially stated as 2,693. The number in Victoria as at the 30th June, 1942, was 747, of whom 27 were full-blood and 720 were half-caste.

VICTORIA—NUMBER OF ABORIGINES UNDER CARE AT STATIONS, 1941-42.

	Station.		Aborigines.	Three-quarter and Half-castes.	Total.	
Lake Condah	••	••	••	• •	2	2
Lake Tyers		•//•		26	245	271
Framlingham				••	2	2
In Institutions	••	••		1	3	4
Total				27	252	279

As will be seen from the above figures, the majority of the aborigines under the care of the Board for the Protection of Aborigines are concentrated at Lake Tyers Aboriginal Station, which is situated in East Gippsland. This Station is under the control of a resident manager. The reserves at Lake Condah and Framlingham are under the control of the local police officer, who is appointed as Local Guardian.

In addition to the number under the care of the Board at Stations in Victoria, it is estimated that there are 468 half-castes and octoroons at Antwerp, Echuca, Framlingham, Colac, Dimboola, Lake Condah, Healesville, Orbost, and Swan Hill. These people occasionally receive assistance from the Board and of this number approximately 164 are in regular employment.

During the year 1941-42, there were 15 births of half-castes at Lake Tyers. There were 13 deaths of half-castes, 11 of which occurred at Lake Tyers and 2 at Depots. There were also 8 deaths of full-bloods.

The amount expended on the care and maintenance of the aborigines during the year was £5,307. At the Treasury is kept a Trust Fund, known as the Aborigines Board Produce Fund, into which receipts from the sale of timber and produce, leasing of reserves, &c., are paid. The amount to the credit of this Fund on the 30th June, 1942, was £5,337.

Arrivals in and departures departed. Other non-European arrivals numbered 50 of Chinese and departures 60, as compared with 29 arrivals and non-Europeans. 30 departures in 1941. A statement of the provisions of the Immigration Restriction Act appears on page 73 of the Year-Book for 1928-29.

Under the "Commonwealth Naturalization Act No. 11
Naturalization of 1903" the right to issue certificates of naturalization is
vested in the Commonwealth.

The number of persons naturalized in Victoria in the year 1942 was 351. They were of various nationalities, 23 per cent. being of Polish origin. During the 72 years, 1871 to 1942 inclusive, 21,377 persons were naturalized. The following table shows the birthplaces of persons naturalized in Victoria during the five years 1938–1942.

VICTORIA—BIRTHPLACES OF PERSONS NATURALIZED, 1938-42.

Dinthologo	<u> </u>	Total					
Birthplace.	1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.	Naturalized 1938 to 1942	
Denmark	6	14	18	15	17	- 70	
Finland	1	16	21	10	5	53	
Germany	30	53	19	.19	16	137	
Greece	21	34	48	28	37	168	
Italy	. 104	308	173	21	5	611	
Norway	- 8	19	21	13	10	71	
Poland	46	72	22	[17]	80	237	
Russia	12	32	34	10		88	
Sweden	5	12	22	23	15	77	
Switzerland	4	19	13	12	$\cdot 2$	50	
Other European							
Countries	37	67	78	66	45	293	
United States	5	10	8	3	9	35	
Australia				59*	82*	141*	
Other Countries	13	20	30	19	28	110	
Total	292	676	507	315	351	2,141	

^{*} Australian born women who previously acquired foreign nationality on their marriage to aliens.